## II. From-Whom-to-Whom (Deposits and Loans)

Below is the breakdown of relations among economic sectors compiled as deposits and loans according to from-whom-to-whom matrices.

From-whom-to-whom matrices of loans indicate no major change in inter-sectoral connections in 2022Q1 compared to the same period of the previous year. The strongest connection occurred between non-financial corporations and monetary and financial institutions. The latter extended a total of TRY 6,162 billion worth of loans, of which TRY 4,204 billion was granted to non-financial corporations and TRY 1,086 billion to households. Domestic sectors borrowed TRY 2,887 billion from the rest of the world, out of which non-financial corporations received TRY 1,514 billion, and monetary and financial institutions received TRY 985 billion (Chart 5).

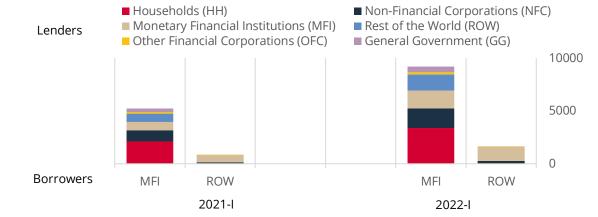
In 2022Q1, of the total TRY 10,812 billion worth of deposits, TRY 9,178 billion were taken by monetary and financial institutions and TRY 1,634 billion by the rest of the world. A large portion of deposits taken by monetary and financial institutions belongs to households (TRY 3,387 billion), non-financial corporations (TRY 1,828 billion) and other monetary and financial institutions (TRY 1,697 billion). Meanwhile, the majority of deposits taken by the rest of the world (TRY 1,367 billion) were opened by monetary and financial institutions (Chart 6).

■ Non-Financial Corporations (NFC) ■ Households (HH) ■ Monetary Financial Institutions (MFI) Other Financial Corporations (OFC) Borrowers General Government (GG) ■ Rest of the World (ROW) 8000 6000 4000 2000 Lenders OFC OFC NFC MFI GG NFC MFI HH ROW 2021-I 2022-I

Chart 5: Loans, From-Whom-to-Whom (TRY Billion)

Source: CBRT Last Observation:2022-I





Source: CBRT Last Observation:2022-I